



## A Review of Consumer Protection Act 1986

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### **Abstract**

India passed its new Consumer Protection Act in 1986. The author points out that the Act is a landmark in the history of the consumer protection movement in India. It concerns mainly the regulation of consumer disputes and creates specific redress agencies at district, state, and Union level. It also contains general provisions for consumer rights and for the organization of the consumer interest.

**Keywords:** India Economic Policy, Consumer Protection, Union Level General Provision.

### **Introduction**

Besides the basic necessities of food, clothing, and shelter, we consume a variety of things in our daily lives such as cell phones, digital cameras, soaps, perfumes, cosmetics, among other things. Thus, all of us are consumers in the literal sense of the term. When we buy things from the market as a consumer, we expect value for money, i.e., quality, quantity, right price, information about the mode of use, etc. However, there may be instances where a consumer is cheated.

In such cases, most of us do not know whom to approach to seek redressal. Moreover, a majority of us also are unaware of our “rights” as a consumer and often hesitate to complain or even stand up to unfair practices. We also don't have the recourse of costly litigation to seek justice and we continue to bear such injustice.

This is where consumer forums, which can help you seek justice against unfair practices without incurring exorbitant litigation costs, come in.

The below article provides basic information about the Consumer Protection Act, 1986, its advantages for consumers, basic rights of the consumers, and consumer redressal forums among other things.